



## **PROJECT N° 4: Avoid obstacles**

Learn how to create a program so that, when the Code&Drive ultrasonic sensor detects an object or plain surface 25 cm or less away, turns on the LEDs, moves backwards and turns to avoid it. Once it has avoided the object, it will keep moving forward in a straight line.

**DIFFICULTY LEVEL:** Intermediate.

**DURATION OF THE EXERCISE:** 40 min.

**MATERIALS:**

- 1 Green LED
- 1 Red LED

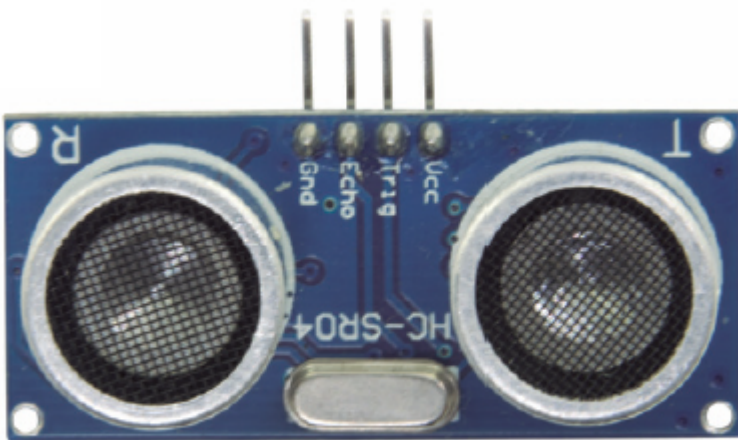
- 1 Ultrasonic sensor
- 2 DC motors with their wheels
- 1 USB - Micro USB cable
- Computer

The Code&Drive will have to be built according to the instructions manual.

## What is an ultrasonic sensor?

An ultrasonic sensor is a device to measure the distance. It functions by sending a high frequency sound pulse, not audible to the human ear. This pulse bounces on near objects and it's reflected towards the sensor, that has a microphone suitable for this frequency.

By measuring the time between pulses and knowing the speed of the sound, we can estimate the distance of the object, on whose surface has bounced the sound pulse.



**Ultrasonic sensor**

### CONNECTIONS:

1. Connect the LEDs to the digital pins "9" and "10".
2. Connect the ultrasonic sensor to the digital pins "12" and "13".
3. Connect the DC motors to the grey connector of the Build&Code 4in1 board.

### PROGRAMMING CODE

You can do this project using the Arduino, Bitbloq and other visual programming software by blocks compatible. Below you will find the necessary code.

## Arduino Code

1. Download and install the Arduino IDE program. It is available for Windows, Mac OS and Linux.
2. Open the Arduino program and copy the following program in it:

```
int PinSpeedMA = 5, PinSpeedMB = 6; // DIGITAL PIN
FOR THE SPEED OF THE MOTORS
int PinTurnMA = 4, PinTurnMB = 7; // DIGITAL PIN FOR
DIRECTION OF THE MOTORS
int TrigPin = 13; // ULTRASONIC SENSOR PINS
int EchoPin = 12;
float SSound = 0.0343; // SOUND SPEED IN cm/us
long Lengh, Distance ; // VARIABLES TO CALCULATE THE
DISTANCE IN cm
int PinLED1 = 9, PinLED2 = 10; // LED1 AND LED2
DIGITAL PINS

void setup() {
  // put your setup code here, to run once:
  //CONFIGURATION OF THE DIGITAL PORTS
  pinMode(PinSpeedMA, OUTPUT);
  pinMode(PinSpeedMB, OUTPUT);
  pinMode(PinTurnMA, OUTPUT);
  pinMode(PinTurnMB, OUTPUT);
  pinMode(TrigPin, OUTPUT);
  pinMode(EchoPin, INPUT);
  pinMode(PinLED1, OUTPUT);
  pinMode(PinLED2, OUTPUT);
  // SPEED OF THE MOTORS 100 TO 255
  analogWrite(PinSpeedMA, 175);
  analogWrite(PinSpeedMB, 175);
}

void loop() {
  // put your main code here, to run repeatedly:
  DistanceCM(); // CALL THE FUNCTION TO CALCULATE THE
DISTANCE
  if (( Distance < 25) && ( Distance > 1)) // IF THE
DISTANCE IS BETWEEN 1 AND 25CM
  {
```

```

        digitalWrite(PinLED1,HIGH);//LED1 Y LED2 = ON
        digitalWrite(PinLED2,HIGH);
        digitalWrite(PinTurnMA, HIGH);// CODE&DRIVE
BACKWARD
        digitalWrite(PinTurnMB, LOW);
        delay(1000);
        digitalWrite(PinTurnMA, HIGH);// CODE&DRIVE
ROTATION
        digitalWrite(PinTurnMB, HIGH);
        delay(1000);
    }
    else
    {
        digitalWrite(PinLED1,LOW);// LED1 Y LED2 = OFF
        digitalWrite(PinLED2,LOW);
        digitalWrite(PinTurnMA, LOW); // CODE&DRIVE
FORWARD
        digitalWrite(PinTurnMB, HIGH);
    }
}

void DistanceCM()// DISTANCE CALCULATION FUNCTION
{
    // CALCULATE THE DISTANCE IN CM
    digitalWrite(TrigPin, LOW);           // VERIFY THAT
    THE TRIGGER IS DEACTIVATED
    delayMicroseconds(4);                 // VERIFY THAT
    THE TRIGGER IS LOW
    digitalWrite(TrigPin, HIGH);          // ACTIVATE THE
    OUTPUT PULSE
    delayMicroseconds(14);                 // WAIT 10µs.
    PULSE REMAINS ACTIVE DURING
    digitalWrite(TrigPin, LOW);           // STOP PULSE
    AND WAIT FOR ECHO
    Lengh = pulseIn(EchoPin, HIGH) ; // pulseIn
    MEASURES THE TIME THAT TAKES TO THE DECLARED PIN
    (echoPin) TO CHANGE FROM LOW TO HIGH STATUS (FROM 0
    TO 1)
    Distance = SSound* Lengh / 2; // CALCULATE
    DISTANCE
}

```

## Code for the visual programming software by blocks compatible

1. Download and install the program.

- Open the software and copy the following code. Use the following image as a guide:

```

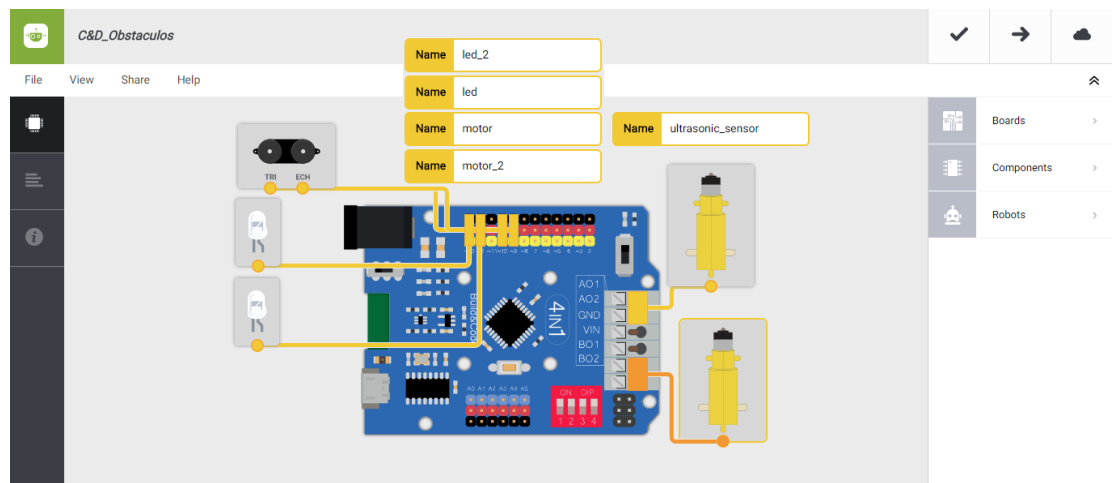
Arduino Program
set pwm pin 6 output as 175 MOTOR SPEED = 100 TO 255
set pwm pin 5 output as 175
forever
  if read ultrasonic sensor trig pin 13 echo pin 12 < 25 and read ultrasonic sensor trig pin 13 echo pin 12 > 1 then
    set digital pin 9 output as HIGH LEDs = ON ULTRASONIC SENSOR < 25cm
    set digital pin 10 output as HIGH
    set digital pin 7 output as LOW CODE&DRIVE = BACKWARD
    set digital pin 4 output as HIGH
    wait 1 secs WAIT 1 SECOND
    set digital pin 7 output as HIGH CODE&DRIVE = TURN AROUND
    set digital pin 4 output as HIGH
    wait 1 secs WAIT 1 SECOND
  else
    set digital pin 9 output as LOW LEDs = OFF ULTRASONIC SENSOR > 25cm
    set digital pin 10 output as LOW
    set digital pin 7 output as HIGH CODE&DRIVE = FORWARD
    set digital pin 4 output as LOW
  
```

- Configure and upload the code, following the indications on the Code&Drive First Steps guide.
- Check that the BTL/USB switch on the Build&Code 4in1 board is set to USB, to upload the code correctly.

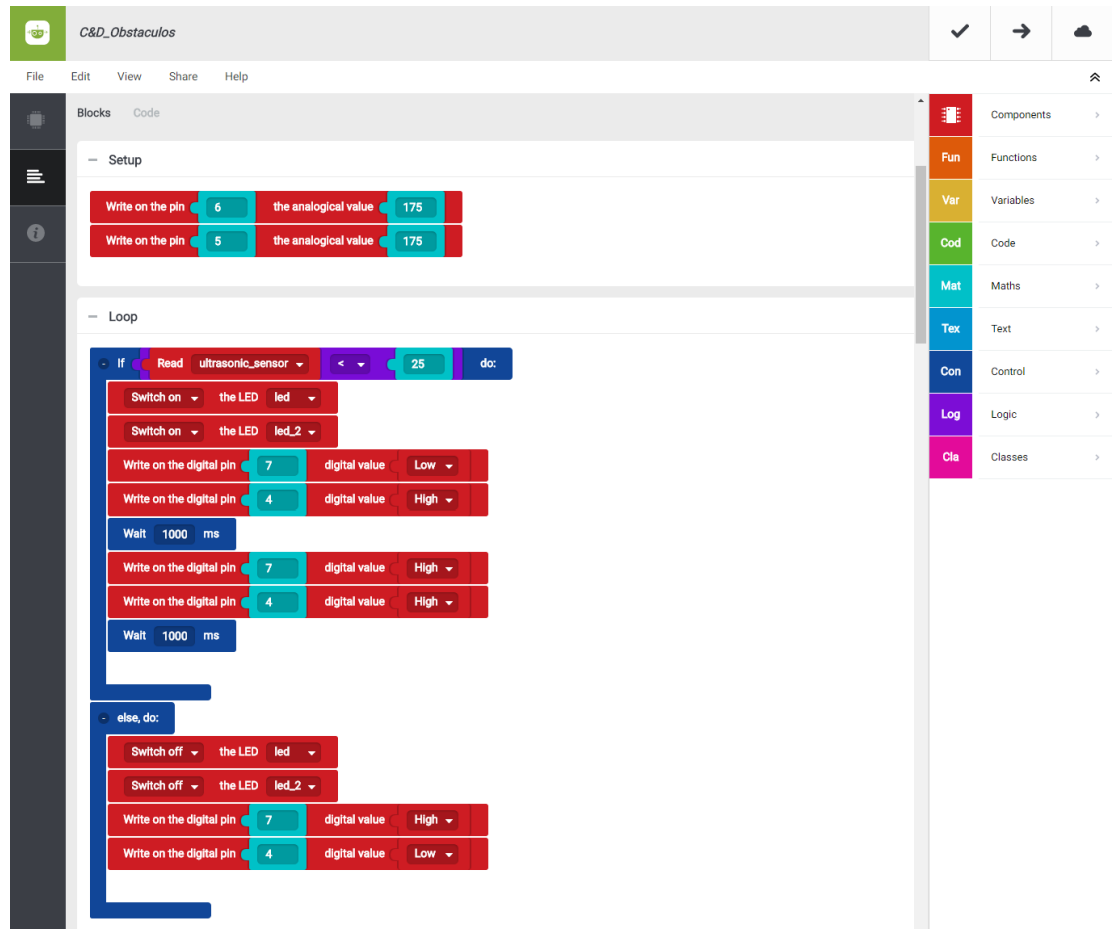
## Bitblog code

- Download Bitblog and install the Web2board app.
- Open the software and copy the following code.

### Hardware



### Software



3. Configure and upload the code, following the indications on the Code&Drive First Steps guide.
4. Check that the BTL/USB switch on the Build&Code 4in1 board is set to USB, to upload the code correctly.

## RESULT OF THE EXERCISE

The Code&Drive will go straight forward. When the ultrasonic sensor detects an object less than 25 cm away, the Code&Drive will turn its LEDs on, go back for 1 second and turn around for another second. Then, it will check that there are no obstacles, turn the LEDs off and continue to go straight forward.